

BRITISH NAVY RAINS SHELLS UPON U-BOAT BASE OF HUNS

Bombardment Is Conducted
Throughout Day While in Three
Sectors of Western Front Ar-
tillery Fire Shows Increases

THREE BATTLES FOUGHT IN SEPARATE THEATERS

Teutons Suffer Severe Defeat In
Africa and Results in Trentino
and Macedonia Engagements
Remain Undecided At Night

NEW YORK, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Heavy bombardment of the German submarine base at Ostend was begun by a detachment of the British Navy yesterday morning and conducted continuously throughout the day. Apparently considerable damage was occasioned, the reports of last night said.

On the Western Front in Belgium and in the Champagne and Verdun sectors an increased intensity of the artillery of the Allies was noted. The drum fire would quicken into a barrage and then fall back to drum fire only to again become more rapid and intense. There was every indication of an impending attack or of several attacks in force but the general fierceness of the fire failed to indicate in just what direction the drive would be pointed.

ON TRENTINO FRONT

Once more the armies of Italy and Austria are locked in the throes of a fierce and bloody battle on the Trentino. Throughout yesterday it raged, ebbing and flowing in favor of now the one and again the other but Rome claims that such advantages as were secured lie with the Italian arms. Continuance of the battle to a decisive result is expected today.

On the Macedonia Front a battle is also in progress and there also no decisive results were secured yesterday so far as reports told last night.

GERMANS DEFEATED

In East Africa a third battle was fought but here decisive results were obtained and a severe defeat was administered to the German forces. Losses on both sides are reported to have been very heavy, but the Germans lost in prisoners and in guns as well as in killed and wounded.

RUSSIAN REVERSES

In the north the Germans have captured the entire islands of Dago and Schildau, making prisoners of practically all of the forces that occupied and defended the former island for Russia.

Petrograd official reports admit that Oesel and Moon Islands are now both held by the enemy but say that on Dago Island military operations have been hampered by the marshy character of the ground close to the coast.

INTER-ISLAND APPEALS TO HIGHEST TRIBUNAL

The Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company filed in circuit court yesterday afternoon through Attorney W. L. Whitney, a motion to transfer to the local United States courts the suit for injunction brought against it by the public utilities commission to enjoin it from refusing to obey the commission's decision ordering it to adopt the passenger and freight rates in effect in 1916.

It is claimed by the company that it is within the jurisdiction of the federal shipping board and that federal questions are involved.

ALL SURVIVORS OF TRANSPORT ARE LANDED IN FRANCE

Good Discipline and Splendid
Bravery Shown When Disaster
Came; Dependents of Sol-
diers and Men of Navy Pro-
vided For

WASHINGTON, October 22.—(Associated Press)—All survivors of the lost transport Antilles are safe in a French port where they arrived yesterday and reports of their arrival, both official to the Navy Department and unofficial by the Associated Press so reported here.

It was 6:45 o'clock last Wednesday morning that the disaster occurred. Without previous warning of any unusual danger, there was a shock that made the steamer shiver from stem to stern and an explosion in the vicinity of the engine room. This explosion opened a great gaping hole in her side through which the water poured in and she speedily filled and sank.

At that time of the day many of the crew and the soldier passengers were still asleep in their bunks. Numbers of these were killed. The engineers, oilers and mechanics who were at work below were killed almost to a man. Those who were uninjured hurried to the decks and took the positions as they had been drilled to do. There was no disorder, no rushing, but the lowering, unloading and loading of the life boats was done expeditiously and it is to this training and the strict discipline evidenced by all is owed the fact that the loss of life was not greater.

Bravery Is Praised
Praise for the captain and for the gun crew is extended in the dispatches. They stayed at their stations until the very end. It was not until the bow pitched deeply forward and the stern had reared high out of the water just before the final dive came that the captain and members of the gun crew leaped far out into the ocean, some landing as far away as fifty feet from the sinking craft. There they were picked up and dragged aboard the lifeboats and the occupants of these were picked up and taken aboard the patrol vessels which then turned and proceeded back to France.

Insurance Law Operates
All Army and Navy men who were lost in the torpedoing of the Antilles come within the scope of the Compensation and Insurance Law which was passed late in the congressional session. Under it the relatives or dependents of those who were killed or lost will receive \$6000 in each instance, but the provision does not apply to those of the crew of the transport who lost their lives in the disaster.

RUSS NAVAL FLEET SAILS NORTH FROM MOON SOUND

NEW YORK, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Possibly with the intention of making its escape into the Gulf of Finland or possibly with the intention of launching an attack upon the stronger German Naval fleet, the Russian fleet has left Moon Island headed in a northerly direction.

It is considered most likely that the Russian fleet will not undertake to engage the German naval forces until after proceeding into the Gulf of Finland and returning reinforced by some of the vessels now there. As at present constituted the Russian fleet is decidedly inferior in gun power, but the northerly course may indicate some strategic move upon its part.

At Moon Island the Russians left the old battleship Slava a complete wreck and four other vessels were grounded. Petrograd in an official report from the marine department said that the Russians had succeeded in getting their entire fleet away from Moon Island with the exception of the wrecked Slava and some observation elements which were left in Moon Sound. Beyond this, the statement said, the Russians had sustained no loss of ships.

MRS. M. F. DE YOUNG PASSES TO REWARD

SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—(Associated Press)—May a home in this city will be saddened this morning when the news of the death of Mrs. M. F. De Young is published. Her works are of a character and benevolent nature and the large contributions which she has made for such purposes have helped scores of families and hundreds of individuals in time of need. She was one of the best known and best loved women of this city and probably of the state of California.

Mrs. De Young died last night following a long and serious illness.

GIVEN ABSENCE LEAVE

PARIS, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Wives of soldiers employed in munitions factories and other military establishments will be granted leave of absence with pay for the same period that their husbands are home as "permissionnaires" from the front.

PILE CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure blind, bleeding, itching or protruding PILES in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

German Food Situation Is Not So Rosy As Was Painted By Government

COPENHAGEN, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Discussion of the food situation by the Prussian diet yesterday, of which reports reached here last night indicate that it is not so rosy as the government has sought to lead the people to believe. It may not be serious now and may not become critical during the next few months, but the people of the country face greater hardships and more acute shortage of necessary food stuffs than they have hitherto been called upon to endure.

Some salient truths as to the food situation of the nation were told in the discussion in the diet, the reports said. There was evidence that considerable alarm is felt and it was declared that further and greater economies must be practiced during a coming hard winter.

It is true that the potato crop has been good and has had a tendency to brighten hopes of fuller market baskets but, on the other hand, the wheat crop is bad and other cereal crops are also showing heavy shortages.

The only hopes that are given for making the supply of bread last through the year and to the next harvest are to impair the quality still further or else to reduce the already small allowance of the bread ration. Either of the proposals is considered certain to work great suffering and to cause a more determined insistence of efforts to bring about a peace without annexations or indemnities.

CUBAN PRESIDENT MAY SEIZE SUGAR

Menocal Says No Hoarding Will
Be Tolerated and He Will Sell
To United States

NEW YORK, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Intention of President Menocal, of Cuba, to aid the United States and the Allies in the attempt to control sugar and fix prices through a United States commission and an international commission on sugar is indicated by the advice which were received from Havana yesterday as to his attitude on the question of hoarding of stock or withholding it from sale by the producers.

President Menocal yesterday announced in an interview which he gave out on the subject of taxation of raw sugar and price fixing of the product that he will act vigorously if he finds that any stocks of raw sugar are being hoarded in Cuba. He declared that he would commandeer such stocks, pay the owners a price which should be determined to be fair and equitable and then offer them to the United States government.

While the interview of the Cuban president did not state what price he would sell to the United States government it is assumed here that he meant at such a price as might be determined by the two sugar commissions.

KERENSKY TALKS TO RUSS PARLIAMENT

Premier Opens Session By Tell-
ing Members Why War Must
Go On To Save Country

PETROGRAD, October 22.—(Associated Press)—In opening the session of the Russian "preliminary parliament" yesterday, Premier Kerensky spoke at length on both governmental and war conditions, dwelling especially upon the latter and the impossibility of entering into any peace pact, especially at this time when Germany would be in a position to exact the most humiliating and unbearable demands upon Russia.

"Russia wants peace by right," said the premier, "but she will never bow her head to force. We must fight on; it is our duty to do so, but it is not only a duty—we must fight on if it be only to save our country from a foreign aggressor and from an autocracy far worse than the one from which we have finally escaped."

Kerensky paid glowing tribute to the men of the navy for their courage and devotion to their country, but said that he regretted he could not say as much for some of the land forces.

DENIES HE SEEKS TO OBSTRUCT LOAN

WASHINGTON, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Robert La Follette, who he issued last night, Robert La Follette of Wisconsin declared that charges made that he had attempted to obstruct the Liberty Loan Bond issue by circulating speeches which he made in the senate during the recently closed session were malicious and libelous.

La Follette admitted that he had circulated three of his speeches but said that he had done this in the belief that by so doing he would "aid in influencing public opinion so as to induce congress to more adequately and justly tax war profits and the surpluses of swollen incomes."

CHICAGO, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Robert Fitzsimmons, one time middleweight and heavyweight champion pugilist of the world has fought his last battle. It was with pneumonia and he lost.

For days past there has been little hope for the life of the one time idol and still favorite of the sporting world. But he fought his battle with the same grim persistence that marked his career in the ring.

Death came at an early hour this morning.

VESSELS ARE DIVERTED

LONDON, October 22.—(Associated Press)—The British government's quarterly "Navy List" shows that 3642 vessels have been diverted from peaceful employment for regular or auxiliary naval service.

DIVER CRISIS NEAR END, IS BELIEVED

Many U-boats Sunk and New
Ones Are Mere Shells But
There Is Tonnage Shortage

WASHINGTON, October 12.—Detailed information reaching the government, has confirmed the opinion of official circles that the submarine crisis is past.

Germany, building more U-boats than ever before, is obtaining less results than at any time since—and even before—her proclamation of unrestricted warfare.

This information included figures as to the number of submarines captured and the number believed to have been sunk.

Officials acquainted with them declare that the total would give a thrill of astonishment and satisfaction to the allied peoples should they be made public.

Resources Suffer

While it is admitted that Germany probably is increasing her fleet of U-boats, the destruction being less than the reported output, the new U-boats show the depletion of Germany's resources. They are merely shells with engines in them compared to the powerful submarines she had in the early months of her campaign.

Many are little better than death-traps, it is declared, and the opinion is expressed that many German submarines are lost through the risks of the sea.

The situation is still serious and there is no attempt to underestimate it, but the belief here is that the German tide is now receding on sea as well as on land and that while a ship shortage will continue and seriously handicap the nations fighting Germany, the danger point has been left in the rear.

Present Situation

The situation is viewed as follows:
1. There is no hope of driving the submarine from the seas, but its activity can be limited to the destruction of small and slow ships.

2. The only serious aspect of this question is that submarines will limit the transportation of petrol to the extent as tankers are slow boats. Convoys are dependent upon getting petrol to the Allies, the tankers to be sent in fleets, guarded by fast destroyers.

3. Submarine efficiency has been reduced by increased proficiency of armed guards on merchantmen, increased number of destroyers and development of devices designed to disguise merchantmen from scouting submarines. The last two developments are entirely due to the entrance of the United States into the war. The destroyers America was able to throw into the war zone gave the needed balance to the Allies.

WAR MILLIONAIRES ARE PACIFYING THE PUBLIC

TOKIO, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Japanese "narikin," or war-millionaires, who have been the targets for considerable criticism from their fellow countrymen, have resorted to their critics by announcing important public benefactions.

A modern Kobe millionaire will establish a nautical school at a cost of \$500,000 and the wife of another man, to whom has come great wealth from shipbuilding, will establish a high school for girls at Sumiyoshi in Southern Japan. Another shipbuilding millionaire will found a commercial school in another town and an Osaka manufacturer will start a girls' high school in his home city. There are many other projects of a similar nature.

Public criticism has been directed to the "narikin" on the ground of luxurious living calculated to give a bad example, and to their extravagant use of money and works of art. To this the war millionaires of Osaka and Kobe answer by announcing plans to found an academy of fine arts at Osaka, known as the Manchester of Japan.

WINE RATION CUT

PARIS, October 22.—(Associated Press)—The daily wine ration of the French "poilu" will be raised from one-half to three-quarters of a quart beginning January 1, 1918, according to a decision reached by minister of provisions and minister of war. The date of the increased allowance will be advanced, if possible.

KAISER STARTS HOME

NEW YORK, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Wilhelm has left Constantinople, he is officially announced from Berlin last night. He is expected there today to participate in the celebration of the birthday of the empress. It is said that he may this week visit the naval base at Heligoland.

HALF OF ZEPPELIN FLEET FAILS TO REACH HOME AGAIN

Eight Big Dirigibles Lose Their
Bearings In Fog. Two Are De-
stroyed and Two Are Forced To
Land—Others' Fate Unknown

PARIS, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Of a fleet of eight German Zeppelins which sailed high over France on Saturday headed in the direction of England at least half are lost to the enemy. Two of them were destroyed and two were forced to land. Whether the remaining four reached their home ports in safety is not known but it is assumed that they did.

From information received from those who were captured from the Zeppelins that were forced to land it appears that the entire fleet of eight probably lost their way in the fog as they were returning from England. It was on the return trip that the destruction of the two occurred and all of their crews were killed. The other two were forced to make landings at widely separated points.

Man Who Labeled George Washington Held As Slacker

TACOMA, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Paul Haffer of Tacoma, who spent four months in jail after being convicted of libeling the name of George Washington, has been indicted by a federal grand jury for failure to register under the Selective Draft. His bail was fixed at \$2500. Haffer was convicted of the libeling charge under an obsolete statute of the State invoked for the first time, which made it a crime to libel the dead.

Police Will Take Liberty Bonds As Bail In Seattle

SEATTLE, October 11.—Liberty bonds will be accepted by Seattle police as bail money, following instructions today from Mayor H. C. Gill to Chief of Police Charles Beckingham.

The suggestion followed the arrest of an Alaskan, who, when questioned for \$50 bail, tendered a \$1000 bill, the smallest he had. No one could change it, so they suggested he buy a Liberty bond and tender that as bail.

FORMER GREEK PRINCE TYPE OF REAL BOYHOOD

ATHENS, October 10.—(Associated Press)—The young Prince George of Greece, who was crowned prince until compelled by the Allies to abdicate his functions and leave the country with his father, King Constantine, has come into notice again by reports that he has taken a command in the German army.

The crown prince is described by those who know him as a real boy who liked sport and adventure much more than the things his tutors tried to teach him as future king. His boy-like nature came out not long before the abdication, while the game of "questions" was being played.

When the question "Who is your favorite author?" was asked, most of the players gave the names of great authors, but the favorite author of the prince was a writer of the most lurid type of wild-west literature.

When he was asked his favorite motto, he wrote:
"Never may a die,
Never tell a lie,
Never stick your finger in other people's pie."

DEPOSED CZAR ENJOYS WHIST GAMES AS EVER

LONDON, October 10.—(Associated Press)—According to a Petrograd despatch, Nicholas Romanoff, the deposed Russian Emperor, passes a great deal of his time in playing whist, of which he is very fond. In pre-war times, whist was one of the most popular court diversions in Russia, and the Emperor had a special de luxe card which was made for his exclusive use. Over 1200 packs of these imperial cards were used every year, and they cost the Russian government about \$7 a pack, being made of the finest linen rags with the watermark of the imperial crown and eagle.

MACEDONIA TOBACCO IS IN INCREASING DEMAND

ATHENS, October 10.—(Associated Press)—The large American tobacco concerns are keeping their representatives over here, watching the development of the new tobacco fields in Macedonia. These have suddenly come into importance, apparently because of some chemical quality of the soil of Macedonia, like that of Cuba, favorable to the production of tobacco. It blends with other grades.

The American demand for it has become such that there is now more Macedonian tobacco sent to the United States than any other article shipped from Greece. At first it was treated as a rather cheap weed, but now that its position is established some 30,000,000 pounds sold in recent months at \$0 to 55 cents a pound.

RUSSIA OUTLINES PEACE TERMS TO SUBMIT TO ALLIES

No Territorial Acquisitions, Autonomy For
Small Countries and International
Rehabilitation Fund Provided

RESTORE HUN COLONIES

PETROGRAD, October 22.—(Associated Press)—Terms of peace which would be acceptable to the people of Russia have been drafted and were yesterday considered and approved by the executive committee of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates. These have been put in the form of instructions to M. Skobelev, former minister of labor, who will be the delegate from this country to the conference of the Allies which is soon to be held at Paris.

Fifteen articles make up the instructions to the delegate and the proposed terms are sweeping, requiring concessions from the Allies as well as from the Central Powers. They are not indicative of any strong desire on the part of the ultra-radical elements of the country to enter upon a separate peace.

DEMANDS RESTORATION OF TERRITORY

Evacuation of all Russian territory held by the Central Powers is provided in the first article of the proposed peace terms. Following the withdrawal of the enemy from such territory autonomous government is to be granted and assured to Poland, Lithuania and the Lettish provinces and to Turkish Armenia.

Removal of the troops of all belligerents from Alsace-Lorraine is demanded and the people of those countries are to be given the opportunity to determine the government which they desire.

INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR BELGIUM

Restoration of the integrity of Belgium is insisted upon without change in her frontiers and compensation for her losses is to be provided through the creation of an international fund to be provided by contributions from all of the warring nations. Similar restoration of Serbia and Montenegro is provided and the losses occasioned to those countries through occupation are also to be met through the same international compensation fund that provides for Belgium. Serbia is to be given access to the Adriatic Sea in the nature of a free seaport with opening to it of land transportation by railroad.

BALKAN STATES TO VOTE

Dealing with the Balkan States the terms propose that they shall receive temporary autonomy during which a plebiscite shall be held so that they may determine future issues for themselves.

Conditions are attached to the restoration of Rumania to its former frontiers dependent upon that country granting autonomous government to Dubrudja and Emanuel rights and freedom from religious persecution to all of the Jewish race or religion.

RESTORE GERMAN COLONIES

In return for the relinquishment of territory held by the Central Powers it is proposed that all of the colonies which she held before the war shall be restored to Germany. The committee in adopting this article recognized that the proposal would raise objections from some of the Allied nations and especially from Japan which would thus secure small fruits as the result of her participation in the war.

Reestablishment of Greece and of Persia are provided in another article.

NEUTRALIZE PANAMA CANAL

In order that there may be absolute freedom of communication for the purposes of trade and commerce for all of the nations of the world a provision is sought that calls for the neutralization of all straits and water passages leading to inland seas and for the further neutralization of the Suez Canal and the Panama Canal as well, such provision to grant freedom of transit to merchantmen at all times but to war vessels only in times of peace.

RUTHLESSNESS MUST CEASE

Ruthless warfare by submarines and the use of the torpedo in warfare is to be restricted under the proposed peace provisions. While the submarine might in time of war board and seize enemy merchantmen the use of the torpedo against merchantmen and passenger carrying vessels would be prohibited under agreement of the nations ratifying such peace pact. Neutral merchant vessels would be immune from attack by belligerents.

NO INDEMNITIES TO PAY

The fifteenth and closing article deals with the matter of war contributions and indemnities. It provides for the constituting of the rehabilitation fund which the earlier articles mention and agree that beyond this fund no indemnities shall be demanded from any of the belligerents.

SHOOTS BROTHER WHILE OUT HUNTING DUCKS

MILWAUKEE, October 22.—(Associated Press)—While out duck hunting State Senator Hustung was accidentally shot by his brother, Gustave Hustung. He was hurried to the nearest point where medical and surgical aid could be obtained, but died later in the day. His brother then surrendered to the police but was allowed to go home under guard. He is crushed by the result of the accident.

MAKE NEW FOOD

AMSTERDAM, October 22.—(Associated Press)—From Berlin it is reported that several important factories are manufacturing a new food, which, it is expected, will be used by the whole German population.

CHILDREN'S COLDS

Why let the children rack their little bodies in such a distressing manner when you can so easily cure their colds with a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? For sale by dealers, Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd. Agts. for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

POSTAGE TO BE THREE CENTS NOVEMBER 2

Three-cent domestic letter postage will go into effect on November 2. Postmaster MacAdam announced last evening. This will apply to all letters except those to be delivered in the city, which will still go for two cents. All postal cards will take two cents postage wherever addressed.

WANTS ECONOMIC ALLIANCE

TOKYO, October 21.—(Associated Press)—Writing in the current number of Japan and the Japanese Uchichi Nishida, an economist, urges the necessity of Japan concluding an economic alliance with Great Britain to take the place of the present political alliance, which, he asserts, has already served a good purpose but which may be almost said to have lost its reason on existence, seeing that both Britain and Japan are now on friendly terms with Russia, against whom the Anglo-Japanese alliance was directed.